WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2023



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FINANCIAL SECTION



REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

> 348 Olive Street 0:619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 San Diego, CA 92103 christywhite.com

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards,* we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2023 on our consideration of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

histy White, Inc.

San Diego, California November 30, 2023

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

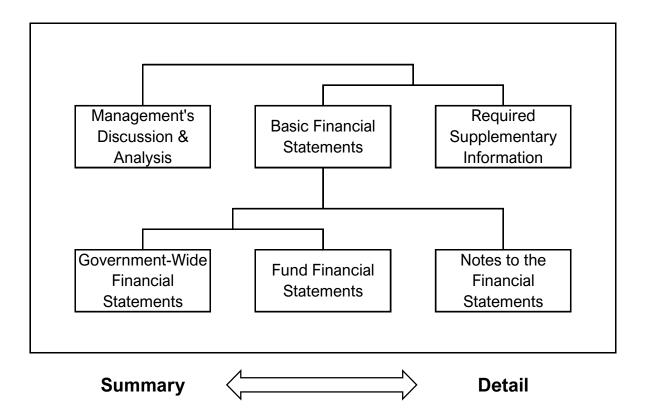
Our discussion and analysis of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position was \$(2,739,428) at June 30, 2023. This was an increase of \$6,980,387 from the prior year, after restatement.
- Overall revenues were \$56,193,879 which exceeded expenses of \$49,213,492.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$(2,739,428) at June 30, 2023, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(24,998,618) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities					
		2023		2022	Ν	let Change
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$	95,509,833	\$	30,225,697	\$	65,284,136
Capital assets		70,055,509		68,307,571		1,747,938
Total Assets		165,565,342		98,533,268		67,032,074
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		14,043,587		7,846,671		6,196,916
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities		6,777,720		5,687,050		1,090,670
Long-term liabilities		169,711,665		91,538,587		78,173,078
Total Liabilities		176,489,385		97,225,637		79,263,748
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		5,858,972		19,091,954		(13,232,982)
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		9,320,799		12,147,725		(2,826,926)
Restricted		12,938,391		7,137,760		5,800,631
Unrestricted		(24,998,618)		(29,223,137)		4,224,519
Total Net Position	\$	(2,739,428)	\$	(9,937,652)	\$	7,198,224

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities					
	2023 2022			Net C	Change	
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	359,567 \$	244,961	\$	114,606	
Operating grants and contributions		13,242,795	8,152,933		5,089,862	
General revenues						
Property taxes		38,107,094	35,602,644		2,504,450	
Unrestricted federal and state aid		5,287,311	3,944,080		1,343,231	
Other		(802,888)	35,962		(838,850)	
Total Revenues		56,193,879	47,980,580		8,213,299	
EXPENSES						
Instruction		23,595,235	23,366,955		228,280	
Instruction-related services		5,719,334	4,740,780		978,554	
Pupil services		5,071,087	3,884,045		1,187,042	
General administration		3,179,944	2,657,771		522,173	
Plant services		4,654,158	4,234,566		419,592	
Debt service		2,896,350	1,915,817		980,533	
Other outgo		200,000	-		200,000	
Depreciation		3,897,384	2,868,715		1,028,669	
Total Expenses		49,213,492	43,668,649		5,544,843	
Change in net position		6,980,387	4,311,931		2,668,456	
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated		(9,719,815)	(14,249,583)		4,529,768	
Net Position - Ending	\$	(2,739,428) \$	(9,937,652)	\$	7,198,224	

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$49,213,492. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was \$38,107,094 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services					
	2023			2022		
Instruction	\$	16,938,649	\$	18,984,927		
Instruction-related services		3,409,596		4,345,315		
Pupil services		1,104,654		580,397		
General administration		2,931,364		2,468,423		
Plant services		4,233,133		4,107,161		
Debt service		2,896,350		1,915,817		
Transfers to other agencies		200,000		-		
Depreciation		3,897,384		2,868,715		
Total	\$	35,611,130	\$	35,270,755		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$93,544,679 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$28,709,870. The District's General Fund had \$2,581,143 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's Building Fund had \$5,321,000 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023. Additionally, the District's Building Fund had \$65,000,000 in other financing sources relating to the issuance of the Election of 2022, Series A Bond for a net increase in fund balance of \$59,679,000. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$1,113,266 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023. Additionally, the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$1,113,266 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023. Additionally, the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$1,113,266 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023. Additionally, the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$1,219,069 in other financing sources relating to the premium on issuance of the Election of 2022, Series A Bond for a net increase in fund balance of \$2,105,803.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2022-2023

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a periodic basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2022-2023 the District had invested \$70,055,509 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities							
		2023				Net Change		
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Land	\$	2,738,587	\$	2,738,587	\$	-		
Construction in progress		4,398,960		28,568,314		(24,169,354)		
Land improvements		19,263,958		19,074,335		189,623		
Buildings & improvements		91,020,155		62,272,705		28,747,450		
Furniture & equipment		4,963,242		4,085,639		877,603		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(52,329,393)		(48,432,009)		(3,897,384)		
Total	\$	70,055,509	\$	68,307,571	\$	1,747,938		

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$169,711,665 in long-term liabilities, an increase of 85.78% from last year – as shown in the table below. The primary reason for this increase was the issuance of \$65,000,000 in Election 2022, Series A general obligation bonds. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities								
	2023 2022				Net Change				
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES									
Total general obligation bonds	\$	133,538,235	\$	69,284,371	\$	64,253,864			
Compensated absences		303,781		275,162		28,619			
Total OPEB liability		3,654,231		3,756,252		(102,021)			
Net pension liability		35,818,412		21,539,841		14,278,571			
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(3,602,994)		(3,505,620)		(97,374)			
Total	\$	169,711,665	\$	91,350,006	\$	78,361,659			

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its June 2023 quarterly report, the UCLA Anderson Forecast stated the U.S. economy was not in a recession yet, but the forecast comes with a caution. Anti-inflation actions by the Federal Reserve could still trigger a near-term recession. The Federal Reserve has said that its actions will be dependent on data. If data shows that the labor market continues to remain robust and if another jobs report shows strong growth in payroll employment and inflation remains sticky, the Federal Reserve will likely err on the side of further tightening of monetary policy and thus, a mild recession later this year is the most likely. The Forecast anticipates that there will be a mild impact on the State of California's economy regardless of the Federal Reserve's policy actions. The California unemployment rate averages for 2023, 2024, and 2025 are expected to be 4.1%, 4.0% and 4.0%, respectively, and non-farm payroll jobs are expected to grow at rates of 2.0%, 1.3%, and 1.6%, during the same three years.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. The May 2023 Budget Revision includes a total Proposition 98 guarantee of \$106.8 billion (\$77.4 billion General Fund and \$29.4 billion local property tax) down from the January 2023 Governor's Budget Proposition 98 guarantee of \$108.8 billion (\$79.6 billion General Fund and \$29.2 billion local property tax). The Proposition 98 Guarantee continues to be in Test 1 for 2022-23 and 2023-24. At May Revision, the 2023-24 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is updated to 8.22 percent, the largest COLA in the history of LCFF. Additionally, the May revise saw a reduction of \$1.8 billion to the Arts, Music, and Instructional Materials Discretionary Block Grant and a \$2.5 billion reduction of the Learning Recovery Emergency Block Grant.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2023. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2023-24 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2023-24 is 26.68 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2023-24 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Chief Business Official at Walnut Creek School District, 960 Ygnacio Valley Road, Walnut Creek, California, 94597.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 90,267,780
Accounts receivable	5,219,142
Inventory	22,911
Capital assets, not depreciated	7,137,547
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	62,917,962
Total Assets	165,565,342
	105,000,042
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	13,002,297
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,041,290
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	14,043,587
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	2,850,027
Unearned revenue	324,699
Long-term liabilities, current portion	3,602,994
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	169,711,665
Total Liabilities	176,489,385
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	5,091,376
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	767,596
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,858,972
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	9,320,799
Restricted:	5,520,755
Capital projects	166,106
Debt service	5,807,235
Educational programs	5,848,244
Food service	1,116,806
Unrestricted	(24,998,618)
Total Net Position	\$ (2,739,428)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Program	Rovo	nues	Re	t (Expenses) evenues and Changes in let Position
				riogramiter		Operating		
			Cł	narges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Function/Programs		Expenses		Services	Contributions		-	Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		•						
Instruction	\$	23,595,235	\$	250,149	\$	6,406,437	\$	(16,938,649)
Instruction-related services								,
Instructional supervision and administration		1,703,809		3,991		353,024		(1,346,794)
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,035,949		2,311		1,076,638		43,000
School site administration		2,979,576		-		873,774		(2,105,802)
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		499,409		-		165,948		(333,461)
Food services		2,085,188		5,563		2,810,093		730,468
All other pupil services		2,486,490		-		984,829		(1,501,661)
General administration								
Centralized data processing		15,624		-		-		(15,624)
All other general administration		3,164,320		976		247,604		(2,915,740)
Plant services		4,654,158		96,577		324,448		(4,233,133)
Interest on long-term debt		2,896,350		-		-		(2,896,350)
Other outgo		200,000		-		-		(200,000)
Depreciation (unallocated)		3,897,384		-		-		(3,897,384)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	49,213,492	\$	359,567	\$	13,242,795		(35,611,130)
	Gene	eral revenues						
		kes and subvent						
	P	roperty taxes, le	evied fo	r general purp	oses			31,480,450
		roperty taxes, le						5,122,690
		roperty taxes, le				•		1,503,954
		ederal and state			r spec	cific purposes		5,287,311
		erest and invest	ment ea	irnings				(869,762)
		scellaneous						66,874
		total, General F						42,591,517
	-	NGE IN NET PO						6,980,387
		Position - Begi	-	as Restated				(9,719,815)
	Net	Position - Endi	ng				\$	(2,739,428)

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	Ge	neral Fund	Вι	uilding Fund	 nd Interest and demption Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	8,953,303	\$	72,843,397	\$ 7,016,807	\$ 1,454,273	\$	90,267,780
Accounts receivable		5,046,993		-	-	172,149		5,219,142
Stores inventory		-		-	-	22,911		22,911
Total Assets	\$	14,000,296	\$	72,843,397	\$ 7,016,807	\$ 1,649,333	\$	95,509,833
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,596,472	\$	39,872	\$ -	\$ 4,111	\$	1,640,455
Unearned revenue		263,024		-	-	61,675		324,699
Total Liabilities		1,859,496		39,872	-	65,786		1,965,154
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		35,000		-	-	22,911		57,911
Restricted		5,848,244		72,803,525	7,016,807	1,282,912		86,951,488
Assigned		-		-	-	277,724		277,724
Unassigned		6,257,556		-	-	-		6,257,556
Total Fund Balances		12,140,800		72,803,525	7,016,807	1,583,547		93,544,679
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	14,000,296	\$	72,843,397	\$ 7,016,807	\$ 1,649,333	\$	95,509,833

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	93,544,679
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets Accumulated depreciation (52,329,393)		70,055,509
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:		(1,209,572)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of: Total general obligation bonds \$ 133,538,235 Compensated absences 303,781 Total OPEB liability 3,654,231 Net pension liability 35,818,412	-	(173,314,659)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 13,002,297 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (5,091,376)		7,910,921
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 1,041,290 Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (767,596)	-	273,694
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	(2,739,428)

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ge	neral Fund	В	uilding Fund		nd Interest and lemption Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES	۴	05 705 0 47			~				٠	05 305 043
LCFF sources	\$	35,725,947	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,725,947
Federal sources		1,487,975		-		-		755,165		2,243,140
Other state sources		8,637,743		-		19,667		1,573,271		10,230,681
Other local sources		5,143,444		(72,648)		5,184,653		500,002		10,755,451
Total Revenues		50,995,109		(72,648)		5,204,320		2,828,438		58,955,219
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Instruction		30,601,926		-		-		-		30,601,926
Instruction-related services										
Instructional supervision and administration		2,161,718		-		-		-		2,161,718
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,040,350		-		-		-		1,040,350
School site administration		3,026,352		-		-		-		3,026,352
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation		499,409		-		-		-		499,409
Food services		-		-		-		2,071,395		2,071,395
All other pupil services		2,812,704		-		-		-		2,812,704
General administration										
Centralized data processing		15,624		-		-		-		15,624
All other general administration		3,273,416		-		-		49,214		3,322,630
Plant services		4,552,844		44,475		-		-		4,597,319
Facilities acquisition and construction		429,623		5,003,877		-		238,966		5,672,466
Debt service										
Principal		-		-		3,222,389		-		3,222,389
Interest and other		-		200,000		3,095,197		-		3,295,197
Total Expenditures		48,413,966		5,248,352		6,317,586		2,359,575		62,339,479
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		2,581,143		(5,321,000)		(1,113,266)		468,863		(3,384,260)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Other sources		-		65,000,000		3,219,069		-		68,219,069
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-		65,000,000		3,219,069		-		68,219,069
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,581,143		59.679.000		2.105.803		468.863		64,834,809
Fund Balance - Beginning		9,559,657		13,124,525		4,911,004		1,114,684		28,709,870
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	12,140,800	\$	72,803,525	\$	7,016,807	\$	1,583,547	\$	93,544,679

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 64,834,809
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:	
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is: Expenditures for capital outlay: Depreciation expense: \$ 5,645,322 (3,897,384)	1,747,938
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:	3,795,000
Debt proceeds: In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:	(68,219,069)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:	(543,969)
Accreted interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.	(113,026)
Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:	(28,619)
(continued on the following nega)	

(continued on the following page)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:	(225,608)
Pensions:	
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on	
the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:	5,449,700
Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:	283,231
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,980,387

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Walnut Creek Elementary School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual.* The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

D. Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class
Buildings and Improvements
Furniture and Equipment
Site Improvements

Estimated Useful Life 7 to 50 Years 5 to 20 Years 14 to 40 Years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Period	July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2022

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints selfimposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2023.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34. Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

Go	vernmental	
Activities		
\$	91,433,286	
	(1,203,606)	
	3,100	
	35,000	
\$	90,267,780	

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Contra Costa County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$90,229,680. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 253 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated.

F. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Contra Costa County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	90,229,680
Total	\$	90,229,680

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	overnmental Activities
Federal Government					
Categorical aid	\$	1,786,769	\$ 60,947	\$	1,847,716
State Government					
Apportionment		1,603,507	-		1,603,507
Categorical aid		1,420,706	110,542		1,531,248
Lottery		206,746	-		206,746
Local Government					
Other local sources		29,265	660		29,925
Total	\$	5,046,993	\$ 172,149	\$	5,219,142

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Ju	Balance Iy 01, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Ju	Balance Ine 30, 2023
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	2,738,587	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,738,587
Construction in progress		28,568,314	4,388,068	28,557,422		4,398,960
Total capital assets not being depreciated		31,306,901	4,388,068	28,557,422		7,137,547
Capital assets being depreciated						
Land improvements		19,074,335	189,623	-		19,263,958
Buildings & improvements		62,272,705	28,747,450	-		91,020,155
Furniture & equipment		4,085,639	877,603	-		4,963,242
Total capital assets being depreciated		85,432,679	29,814,676	-		115,247,355
Less: Accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements		14,499,458	690,117	-		15,189,575
Buildings & improvements		32,557,469	2,874,552	-		35,432,021
Furniture & equipment		1,375,082	332,715	-		1,707,797
Total accumulated depreciation		48,432,009	3,897,384	-		52,329,393
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		37,000,670	25,917,292	-		62,917,962
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, net	\$	68,307,571	\$ 30,305,360	\$ 28,557,422	\$	70,055,509

NOTE 5 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major		_	
	Ga	neral Fund	B	uilding Fund	G	overnmental Funds	District-Wide	G	overnmental Activities
Payroll	\$	467,953	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	467,953
Construction		-		39,872		-	-		39,872
Vendors payable		907,772		-		4,111	-		911,883
Due to grantor government		220,747		-		-	-		220,747
Unmatured interest		-		-		-	1,209,572		1,209,572
Total	\$	1,596,472	\$	39,872	\$	4,111	\$ 1,209,572	\$	2,850,027

NOTE 6 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major				
			G	overnmental	C	Governmental		
	Ger	neral Fund		Funds	Activities			
Federal sources	\$	4,198	\$	-	\$	4,198		
State categorical sources		258,826		-		258,826		
Local sources	_	-		61,675		61,675		
Total	\$	263,024	\$	61,675	\$	324,699		

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Restated Balanc July 01, 2022			Additions	Deductions	J	Balance une 30, 2023	Balance Due In One Year		
Governmental Activities										
General obligation bonds	\$	65,390,166	\$	65,113,026	\$	3,795,000	\$	126,708,192	\$	3,220,000
Unamortized premium		3,894,205		3,219,069		283,231		6,830,043		382,994
Total general obligation bonds		69,284,371		68,332,095		4,078,231		133,538,235		3,602,994
Compensated absences		275,162		28,619		-		303,781		-
Total OPEB liability		3,756,252		-		102,021		3,654,231		-
Net pension liability		21,539,841		14,278,571		-		35,818,412		-
Total	\$	94,855,626	\$	82,639,285	\$	4,180,252	\$	173,314,659	\$	3,602,994

• Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.

• Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds

The general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

						Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	C	Outstanding			0	utstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	J	uly 01, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Ju	ne 30, 2023
2002 Series D	5/13/2010	2026	4.10% - 4.25%	\$ 2,035,000	\$	2,035,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,035,000
2002 Series E	5/13/2010	2024	3.00% - 5.625%	1,964,628		2,565,166	113,026	1,160,000		1,518,192
2012 Refunding	7/31/2012	2027	4.00% - 4.80%	8,420,000		885,000	-	130,000		755,000
2015 Refunding	6/11/2015	2031	3.00% - 5.00%	14,030,000		7,735,000	-	1,255,000		6,480,000
2016 Series A	10/5/2016	2047	3.00% - 5.00%	20,000,000		13,640,000	-	470,000		13,170,000
2016 Series B	5/21/2019	2044	2.125% - 5.00%	20,000,000		18,530,000	-	780,000		17,750,000
2016 Series C	10/7/2020	2046	2.00% - 5.00%	20,000,000		20,000,000	-	-		20,000,000
2022 Series A	4/27/2023	2053	4.00% - 5.00%	65,000,000		-	65,000,000	-		65,000,000
Total					\$	65,390,166	\$ 65,113,026	\$ 3,795,000	\$	126,708,192

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023, including accreted interest, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 2,407,318	\$ 4,187,287	\$ 6,594,605
2025	4,170,000	4,635,661	8,805,661
2026	4,215,000	4,435,824	8,650,824
2027	1,870,000	4,283,126	6,153,126
2028	2,040,000	4,203,522	6,243,522
2029 - 2033	9,235,000	19,944,726	29,179,726
2034 - 2038	14,400,000	18,144,704	32,544,704
2039 - 2043	26,745,000	14,703,025	41,448,025
2044 - 2048	32,355,000	8,709,131	41,064,131
2049 - 2053	28,500,000	2,997,000	31,497,000
Accretion	 770,874	(770,874)	-
Total	\$ 126,708,192	\$ 85,473,132	\$ 212,181,324

B. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$303,781. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's restated beginning total OPEB liability was \$3,756,252 and decreased by \$102,021 during the year ended June 30, 2023. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023 was \$3,654,231. See Note 9 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

D. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$21,539,841 and increased by \$14,278,571 during the year ended June 30, 2023. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2023 was \$35,818,412. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 8 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2023:

	Ge	neral Fund	в	uilding Fund	 ond Interest and demption Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Non-spendable								
Revolving cash	\$	35,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	35,000
Stores inventory		-		-	-	22,911		22,911
Total non-spendable		35,000		-	-	22,911		57,911
Restricted								
Educational programs		5,848,244		-	-	-		5,848,244
Food service		-		-	-	1,116,806		1,116,806
Capital projects		-		72,803,525	-	166,106		72,969,631
Debt service		-		-	7,016,807	-		7,016,807
Total restricted		5,848,244		72,803,525	7,016,807	1,282,912		86,951,488
Assigned								
Other assignments		-		-	-	277,724		277,724
Total assigned		-		-	-	277,724		277,724
Unassigned		6,257,556		-	-	-		6,257,556
Total	\$	12,140,800	\$	72,803,525	\$ 7,016,807	\$ 1,583,547	\$	93,544,679

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Walnut Creek Elementary School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Walnut Creek Elementary School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

B. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

C. Contributions

For the measurement period, the District contributed \$133,224 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	14
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	254
Total number of participants**	268

*Information not provided **As of the June 30, 2021 valuation date

E. Total OPEB Liability

The Walnut Creek Elementary School District's total OPEB liability of \$3,654,231 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022:

Economic assumptions:	
Inflation	2.50%
Discount rate	3.54%
Salary increases	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022.

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	June 30, 2023		
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$	308,800	
Interest on total OPEB liability		83,063	
Difference between expected and actual experience		2,970	
Changes of assumptions		(363,630)	
Benefits payments		(133,224)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(102,021)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,756,252	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	3,654,231	
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*	

*Note: The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			\ \	/aluation			
	1%	1% Decrease (2.54%)		Discount Rate (3.54%)		1% Increase (4.54%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,927,393	\$	3,654,231	\$	3,474,199	

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Valuation Trend						
	1% Decrease			Rate (4.00%)		% Increase		
		(3.00%)				(5.00%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,266,041	\$	3,654,231	\$	4,092,087		

NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Walnut Creek Elementary School District recognized OPEB expense of \$411,897. At June 30, 2023, the Walnut Creek Elementary School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	169,878	\$	361,149
Changes in assumptions		685,123		406,447
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		186,289		-
Total	\$	1,041,290	\$	767,596

The \$186,289 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows Resources
1900	\$ 94,381	\$	74,347
1900	94,381		74,347
1900	94,381		74,347
1900	94,381		74,347
1900	94,381		74,347
Thereafter	 383,096		395,861
Total	\$ 855,001	\$	767,596

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	Deferred et pension outflows related liability to pensions		Deferred inflows related to pensions		Pension expense		
STRS Pension	\$	22,676,837	\$	8,212,824	\$	4,679,934	\$	(1,709,274)
PERS Pension		13,141,575		4,789,473		411,442		1,815,493
Total	\$	35,818,412	\$	13,002,297	\$	5,091,376	\$	106,219

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2023, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2023 was 19.10% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$3,888,934 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$1,911,955 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 22,676,837
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	11,356,626
Total	\$ 34,033,463

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.033 percent, which was an increase of 0.002 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$(1,709,274). In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(849,385) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$	1,108,615
Differences between expected and actual experience	18,602		1,700,290
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	1,124,606		-
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent	3,180,682		1,871,029
to the measurement date	 3,888,934		-
Total	\$ 8,212,824	\$	4,679,934

The \$3,888,934 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 erred Outflows f Resources	erred Inflows Resources
2024	\$ 1,501,130	\$ 1,329,738
2025	824,900	1,860,487
2026	469,014	2,267,451
2027	469,868	(1,235,323)
2028	532,902	379,584
2029	 526,076	 77,997
Total	\$ 4,323,890	\$ 4,679,934

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

* Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	
*00		

*20-year geometric average

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.10%)		Discount Rate (7.10%)		 Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	38,513,680	\$	22,676,837	\$ 9,527,496

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employee is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2023 was 25.37% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$1,666,985 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$13,141,575 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.038 percent, which was an increase of 0.002 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,815,493. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 1,551,663	\$	-		
Differences between expected and actual experience	59,392		326,979		
Changes in assumptions	972,139		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions	539,294		84,463		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,666,985		_		
Total	\$ 4,789,473	\$	411,442		

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$1,666,985 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 rred Outflows Resources	 red Inflows Resources
2024	\$ 835,129	\$ 174,800
2025	754,908	138,953
2026	586,301	97,689
2027	946,150	-
Total	\$ 3,122,488	\$ 411,442

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	6.90%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 80% of scale MP 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 2000 through 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 – 10*
Global Equity – cap-weighted	30.0%	4.45%
Global Equity – non-cap-weighted	12.0%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5.0%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10.0%	1.56%
High yield	5.0%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5.0%	2.48%
Private debt	5.0%	3.57%
Real assets	15.0%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.0)%	(0.59)%
	100.0%	

*An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period. Figures are based on the 2021-22 CalPERS Asset Liability Management Study

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (5.90%)	Di	scount Rate (6.90%)	Increase (7.90%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 18,983,670	\$	13,141,575	\$ 8,313,298

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$3,251,152.

NOTE 12 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the East Bay School Insurance Group (EBSIG), Contra Costa County School Insurance Group (CCCSIG), and the Schools Self Insurance of Contra Costa County (SSICCC) public entity risk pools. The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. Payments for property and liabilities are paid to the EBSIG, payments for workers' compensation are paid to CCCSIG, and payments for dental and vision are paid to SSICCC. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPAs are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

NOTE 13 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. <u>Pension Plans</u>

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2023, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$13,002,297 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$5,091,376.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 9. At June 30, 2023, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,041,290 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$767,596.

NOTE 14 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The amount previously reported at June 30, 2022 as the ending net position for Governmental Activities, has been restated due to the removal of the Medical Premium Payment (MPP) Program net OPEB liability and its deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB in the prior year. The impact on beginning net position is presented as follows:

	 vernmental Activities
Net Position - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$ (9,937,652)
Restatement	 217,837
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$ (9,719,815)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amo	ounts	А	ctual*	Variances - Final to Actual		
	 Original	Final	(Budge	tary Basis)			
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$ 34,127,461 \$	35,572,694	\$	35,725,947	\$	153,253	
Federal sources	1,422,490	1,473,446		1,487,975		14,529	
Other state sources	3,046,075	8,457,552		8,637,743		180,191	
Other local sources	3,640,927	4,772,280		5,183,136		410,856	
Total Revenues	 42,236,953	50,275,972		51,034,801		758,829	
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries	20,054,780	21,713,212		21,524,723		188,489	
Classified salaries	6,038,629	6,009,635		5,950,317		59,318	
Employee benefits	10,261,194	11,031,286		10,738,359		292,927	
Books and supplies	1,743,651	2,114,809		1,615,438		499,371	
Services and other operating expenditures	6,747,223	7,858,877		8,204,720		(345,843)	
Capital outlay	-	343,041		429,623		(86,582)	
Other outgo							
Transfers of indirect costs	-	-		(49,214)		49,214	
Total Expenditures	 44,845,477	49,070,860		48,413,966		656,894	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(2,608,524)	1,205,112		2,620,835		1,415,723	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 						
Transfers in	65,000	65,000		65,000		-	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 65,000	65,000		65,000		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,543,524)	1,270,112		2,685,835		1,415,723	
Fund Balance - Beginning	7,860,863	7,860,863		7,860,863		-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,317,339 \$	9,130,975	\$	10,546,698	\$	1,415,723	

* The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.
- The schedule above does include the audit adjustment to fair value of cash in county disclosed in the Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Jur	June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
Total OPEB Liability												
Service cost	\$	308,800	\$	493,228	\$	391,201	\$	236,570	\$	240,841	\$	234,395
Interest on total OPEB liability		83,063		87,020		113,272		78,809		71,820		58,514
Difference between expected and actual experience		2,970		(432,054)		(1,447)		233,484		-		-
Changes of assumptions	(363,630)		(58,371)		306,312		655,428		(39,779)			-
Benefits payments		(133,224)		(111,327)		(146,093)		(90,834)		(82,791)		(79,607)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(102,021)		(21,504)		663,245		1,113,457		190,091		213,302
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,756,252		3,777,756		3,114,511		2,001,054		1,810,963		1,597,661
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	3,654,231	\$	3,756,252	\$	3,777,756	\$	3,114,511	\$	2,001,054	\$	1,810,963
Covered-employee payroll	N/A*		* N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*	

*Note: The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	June 30	0, 2023	June	ə 30, 2022	Jur	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		e 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.033%		0.031%		0.032%		0.032%		0.032%		0.033%		0.031%		0.034%		0.032%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 22	2,676,837	\$	14,313,838	\$	31,361,589	\$	29,223,903	\$	29,625,112	\$	30,402,329	\$	25,337,613	\$	26,093,373	\$	18,907,831
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total		1,356,626 4,033,463	\$	7,202,318 21,516,156	\$	16,166,772 47,528,361	\$	15,943,590 45,167,493	\$	16,961,762 46,586,874	\$	17,985,761 48,388,090	\$	14,424,251 39,761,864	\$	13,800,518 39,893,891	\$	11,417,365 30,325,196
District's covered payroll	\$ 18	8,839,409	\$	17,175,268	\$	17,521,977	\$	17,392,310	\$	17,299,813	\$	16,435,596	\$	16,811,678	\$	15,699,493	\$	16,031,578
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		120.4%		83.3%		179.0%		168.0%		171.2%		185.0%		150.7%		166.2%		117.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.2%		87.2%		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Jur	une 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		ie 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.038%		0.036%		0.036%		0.037%		0.039%		0.034%		0.030%		0.029%		0.032%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	13,141,575	\$	7,226,003	\$	11,022,612	\$	10,659,342	\$	10,328,288	\$	8,129,720	\$	5,896,190	\$	4,324,081	\$	3,660,454
District's covered payroll	\$	5,445,460	\$	5,122,301	\$	5,300,857	\$	5,224,842	\$	5,271,167	\$	4,336,917	\$	3,938,702	\$	3,330,669	\$	3,518,453
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		241.3%		141.1%		207.9%		204.0%		195.9%		187.5%		149.7%		129.8%		104.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.8%		81.0%		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,888,934	\$	3,194,604	\$	2,773,805	\$	2,996,258	\$	2,831,468	\$	2,496,363	\$	2,067,598	\$	1,803,893	\$	1,394,115
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(3,888,934)		(3,194,604)		(2,773,805)		(2,996,258)		(2,831,468)		(2,496,363)		(2,067,598)		(1,803,893)		(1,394,115)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	20,360,906	\$	18,839,409	\$	17,175,268	\$	17,521,977	\$	17,392,310	\$	17,299,813	\$	16,435,596	\$	16,811,678	\$	15,699,493
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll																10.73%		8.88%

*Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Jur	ie 30, 2017	Jur	ne 30, 2016	Jur	ie 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,666,985	\$	1,333,713	\$	1,060,315	\$	1,045,382	\$	943,711	\$	818,665	\$	602,311	\$	466,618	\$	392,053
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(1,666,985)		(1,333,713)		(1,060,315)		(1,045,382)		(943,711)		(818,665)		(602,311)		(466,618)		(392,053)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	6,570,691	\$	5,445,460	\$	5,122,301	\$	5,300,857	\$	5,224,842	\$	5,271,167	\$	4,336,917	\$	3,938,702	\$	3,330,669
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		25.37%		24.49%		20.70%		19.72%		18.06%		15.53%		13.89%		11.85%		11.77%

*Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – District Plan

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate assumption increased from 2.16% to 3.54% since the prior measurement.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS. The discount rate changed from 7.15% to 6.90% and the inflation rate changed from 2.50% to 2.30% since the previous measurement for CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	 Expe	nditu	ures and Other	Use	s
	Budget		Actual		Excess
General Fund					
Services and other operating expenditures	\$ 7,858,877	\$	8,204,720	\$	345,843
Capital outlay	\$ 343,041	\$	429,623	\$	86,582

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	-	Federal enditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$	103,099
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341		56,053
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346		45,717
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396		10,000
Special Education Cluster				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379		646,927
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115		2,813
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430		10,805
Special Ed: IDEA Mental Health Services Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197		39,003
Subtotal Special Education Cluster				699,548
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants:				
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425	15536		25
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618		197,361
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant GEER II	84.425	15619		59,116
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425	15620		8,517
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621		308,539
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants				573,558
Total U. S. Department of Education				1,487,975
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Passed through California Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster	10.550	10505		05 444
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525		65,111
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391		448,878
USDA Commodities	10.555			135,149
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	15655		106,027
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster				755,165
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				755,165
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	2,243,140

* - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT	Пероп	Report
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	1,503.34	1,509.91
Extended Year Special Education	0.09	2.56
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.53	1.40
Total TK/K through Third	1,504.96	1,513.87
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	1,007.94	1,011.04
Extended Year Special Education	0.46	0.20
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	2.41	2.46
Total Fourth through Sixth	1,010.81	1,013.70
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	737.62	740.09
Extended Year Special Education	0.21	-
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	4.14	4.18
Total Seventh through Eighth	741.97	744.27
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	3,257.74	3,271.84

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		2022-23		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	41,985	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	55,580	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	55,580	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	55,580	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	55,580	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	55,580	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	61,031	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	61,031	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	61,031	180	Complied

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	20)24 (Budget)	2023	2022	2021
General Fund - Budgetary Basis** Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	48,183,086 51,598,480	\$ 51,099,801 48,413,966	\$ 43,824,586 42,943,122	\$ 42,684,662 39,075,612
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(3,415,394)	\$ 2,685,835	\$ 881,464	\$ 3,609,050
Ending Fund Balance	\$	7,131,304	\$ 10,546,698	\$ 7,938,587	\$ 7,958,066
Available Reserves* Available Reserves As A	\$	3,375,790	\$ 6,257,556	\$ 7,409,848	\$ 6,932,106
Percentage Of Outgo		6.54%	12.93%	17.26%	17.74%
Long-term Liabilities Average Daily	\$	172,931,665	\$ 173,314,659	\$ 95,044,207	\$ 119,517,808
Attendance At P-2***		3,332	3,258	3,166	3,444

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$2,588,632 over the past two years. However, the fiscal year 2023-24 budget projects a decrease of \$3,415,394. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2023-24 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$53,796,851 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 186 ADA over the past two years. However, an increase of 74 ADA is anticipated during the 2023-24 fiscal year.

*Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

**The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54. In addition, audit adjustments are not reflected in the schedule above.

***Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Fu T	ecial Reserve nd for Other han Capital			Ca	pital Facilities	Fu	ecial Reserve nd for Capital	 ond Interest Redemption
	Ge	neral Fund	Cat	feteria Fund	Ou	tlay Projects	Βι	uilding Fund		Fund	Οι	itlay Projects	Fund
June 30, 2023, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$	10,546,698	\$	1,153,154	\$	1,713,066	\$	73,775,209	\$	168,322	\$	281,429	\$ 7,110,407
Fair value adjustment - cash in county treasury		(118,964)		(13,437)		-		(971,684)		(2,216)		(3,705)	(93,600)
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		1,713,066		-		(1,713,066)		-		-		-	-
Net adjustments and reclassifications		1,594,102		(13,437)		(1,713,066)		(971,684)		(2,216)		(3,705)	(93,600)
June 30, 2023, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	12,140,800	\$	1,139,717	\$	-	\$	72,803,525	\$	166,106	\$	277,724	\$ 7,016,807

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	Caf	eteria Fund	Cap	oital Facilities Fund	Fun	cial Reserve d for Capital lay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	1,010,443	\$	166,106	\$	277,724	\$ 1,454,273
Accounts receivable		172,149		-		-	172,149
Stores inventory		22,911		-		-	22,911
Total Assets	\$	1,205,503	\$	166,106	\$	277,724	\$ 1,649,333
LIABILITIES							
Accrued liabilities	\$	4,111	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,111
Unearned revenue		61,675		-		-	61,675
Total Liabilities		65,786		-		-	65,786
FUND BALANCES							
Non-spendable		22,911		-		-	22,911
Restricted		1,116,806		166,106		-	1,282,912
Assigned		-		-		277,724	277,724
Total Fund Balances		1,139,717		166,106		277,724	1,583,547
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,205,503	\$	166,106	\$	277,724	\$ 1,649,333

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Cafe	eteria Fund	Cap	bital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$	755,165	\$	-	\$-	\$ 755,165
Other state sources		1,573,271		-	-	1,573,271
Other local sources		136,673		356,598	6,731	500,002
Total Revenues		2,465,109		356,598	6,731	2,828,438
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Pupil services						
Food services		2,071,395		-	-	2,071,395
General administration						
All other general administration		49,214		-	-	49,214
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		195,000	43,966	238,966
Total Expenditures		2,120,609		195,000	43,966	2,359,575
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		344,500		161,598	(37,235)	468,863
Fund Balance - Beginning		795,217		4,508	314,959	1,114,684
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,139,717	\$	166,106	\$ 277,724	\$ 1,583,547

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2023

The Walnut Creek School District was established on November 1, 1860 and consists of an area comprising approximately 25 square miles. The District operates five elementary schools and one intermediate school. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD									
Member	Office	Term Expires							
Zetta Reicker	President	December 2024							
Heidi Hernandez Gatty	Clerk	December 2026							
Sarah Talach	Member	December 2024							
Aimee Moss	Member	December 2026							
Wenlei Johnson	Member	December 2024							

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Marie Morgan Superintendent

Vincent Morales Chief Business Official

Jan Rogenski Assistant Superintendent of Education Services

> Amy Espinoza Director of Special Services

Ruben Fernandez Director of Innovation and Technology

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Walnut Creek Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walnut Creek Elementary School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Walnut Creek Elementary School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

> 0:619-270-8222 348 Olive Street F: 619-260-9085 San Diego, CA 92103 christywhite.com

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

histy White, Inc.

San Diego, California November 30, 2023



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Walnut Creek Elementary School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Walnut Creek Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Walnut Creek Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Walnut Creek Elementary School District's federal programs.

> 348 Olive Street 0:619-270-8222 San Diego, CA F: 619-260-9085 92103 christywhite.com

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards,* and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

histy White, Inc.

San Diego, California November 30, 2023



REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE FOR STATE PROGRAMS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Walnut Creek Elementary School District Walnut Creek, California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, as identified below.

In our opinion, Walnut Creek Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810 as regulations (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Walnut Creek Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on state compliance. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Walnut Creek Elementary School District's state programs.

> 348 Olive Street 0:619-270-8222 San Diego, CA F: 619-260-9085 92103 christywhite.com

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards,* and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walnut Creek Elementary School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

٠	Select and test transactions and records to determine Walnut Creek Elementary School District's compliance
	with the state laws and regulations related to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Not Applicable
Continuation Education	Not Applicable
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance (continued)

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Not Applicable
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year, the District did not participate in the program during the current year, or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding #2023-001. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Walnut Creek Elementary School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Walnut Creek Elementary School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

hristy White, Inc.

San Diego, California November 30, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Unmodified No None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major programs:	No None Reported Unmodified No
AL Number(s)Name of Federal Program or Cluster84.425Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary GrantsDollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	\$ 750,000 Yes
 STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies ? Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs: 	No None Reported Yes Unmodified

FIVE DIGIT CODE

20000 30000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2023.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

FINDING #2023-001: COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL SAFETY PLANS (40000)

Criteria: Pursuant to California Education Code Sections 32280 - 32289, all California public schools, kindergarten and grades one through twelve, must develop a comprehensive school safety plan approved by the board of directors by March 1st of the current 2022-23 school year. Additionally, if the District does not develop and approve a comprehensive school safety plan by October 15, a letter must be submitted to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Condition: In testing the comprehensive school safety plans at Walnut Heights Elementary School and Walnut Creek Intermediate, it was noted that a comprehensive school safety plan was not developed and approved prior to the required deadline of March 1st for the current audit year. The District approved the comprehensive school safety plans on March 6, 2023.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with applicable sections of Education Code.

Cause: Insufficient review procedures in place during the implementation process.

Questioned Costs: None.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure that comprehensive school safety plans are developed and adopted by March 1st of each school year by each respective school site council. Following approval by the school site council, comprehensive school safety plans should be submitted to the District for final approval.

Corrective Action Plan: In the future, the District will implement a proactive approach to guaranteeing the approval of all comprehensive site safety plans by the board prior to March 1st.

WALNUT CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.